## ELECTRON TRANSPORT CHAIN ATP SYNTHASE

Campbell's 9<sup>th</sup>: 172-177, 10<sup>th</sup>: 172-177 221 October 2016

**ELECTRON TRANSPORT** occurs within the intramembranous hydrophobic region.

Free energy of reactions (P 172): the system serves as a **proton pump** uses electron energy to pump H<sup>+</sup> into **intermembranous space** 

**Structure of electron transport chain:** (p 174)

**complex I** NADH to FMN to coenzyme Q,

ubiquinone reductase

**complex II** FADH<sub>2</sub> to coenzyme Q (ubiquinone)

complex III ubiquinone to cytochrome c

 $complex \ IV \quad cytochrome \ c \ thru \ cytochrome \ a \ to \ O_2 \quad cytochrome \ c \ oxidase$ 

pumps out 2 H<sup>+</sup>

succinate dehydrogenase

Electron transport chain

Oxidative phosphorylatio

cytochrome reductase

pumps out 2 H<sup>+</sup>

Chemic

pumps out 2 H<sup>+</sup>

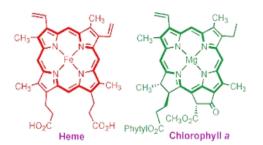
cytochromes a and a<sub>3</sub> in cytochrome c oxidase donate electrons to oxygen, creating water.

Cytochromes extract energy from the oxidized electrons from NADH an FADH,

The energy is used to pump hydrogen ions out of the matrix into the intermembranous space.

("Proton pump")

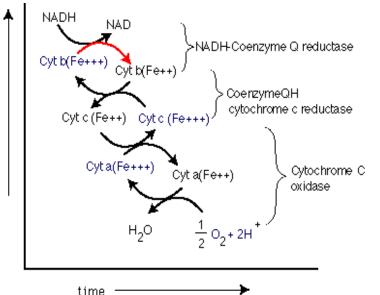
FADH<sub>2</sub> donates at this lower energy level]



Chemical potential energy

(G)

Mitochondrial



Electron Transport Chain animation:

(starts at around 24 seconds) http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xbJ0nbzt5Kw

Chemosmotic process: protons push back into the matrix thru ATP Synthase powers the phosphorylation of ADP.

Electron Transport: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lO1oXQ3eS\_s

**ATP SYNTHASE:** (p 151) Proton gradient drives H<sup>+</sup> through triggering phosphorylation of ADP:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PjdPTY1wHdQ

Start mechanism around 1:25: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3y1dO4nNaKY

