

LIPIDS

revised 14 Sept 2016

Ouellette: p 493, Campbell 5th p 65-, 6th: 68-71, 7th: 74-76, Sadava: 54-55, Campbell 9th 74-77
Campbell 10th: 72-75

lipid (fat), 2 definitions: **functional:** chloroform-soluble fraction of tissues

LEARN: biochemical: biological hydrocarbons

I.e., they are biochemical compounds soluble in non-polar organic solvents

CLASSIFICATION OF LIPIDS:

SIMPLE (not hydrolyzable with base)

fatty acids

steroids

terpenes

prostaglandins

glycosphingolipids

COMPLEX (hydrolyzable with base)

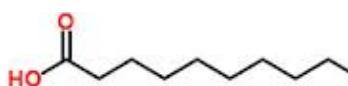
triglycerides

phosphoglycerides

waxes

sphingophospholipids

SIMPLE LIPIDS: (page 75) Ex: C-10 Fatty Acid:



FATTY ACIDS: LEARN: long chain carboxylic acids, have an *even number* of Cs. melting point is determined by length, and saturation, or **degree of saturation** (page 75)

LEARN: unsaturated fats may be in one of two configurations: *cis* or *trans*

cis "on the same side" unstable, forces kink in chain

trans "across" stable, straight chain.

heat and hydrogenation convert *cis* to *trans*:

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r6v21W8zRIw>

(Go to from 37 to 115 seconds in video for *cis* to *trans* configuration change)

unsaturated fats are oxidizable by oxygen = **epoxides, carcinogenic**

LEARN: oxidized unsaturated fatty acids = rancid = carcinogenic

also can **polymerize to form plastics and varnish**

Sensitivity to heat and oxygen of polyunsaturated fats

Fatty acid	#Cs:	sat'd MP	name	unsat'd MP:
Lauric	12	44 C		
Myristic	14	54		
Palmitic	16	63	palmitoleic	-0.5
Stearic	18	70	oleic (1 ene)	13.4
	18		Linoleic (2 enes)	-5
	18		Linolenic (3 enes)	-11
Arachidic	20	76.5	Arachidonic (4 enes)	-49.4

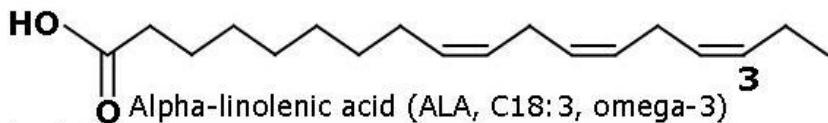
Unsaturated: Oleic, Linoleic, Linolenic. Arachidonic is the precursor of prostaglandins.

hydrogenation causes fat to be solid at room temp. Used commercially to prevent oil separation while sitting on shelf (Crisco, Jif Peanut Brtr)

Fish oils high in unsat'd, smell fishy when

(Oxidation favored by light and divalent cations)

omega 3 fatty acids: unsaturated at the distant end of the HC chain between 3 and 4: good for heart, helps fibrin breakdown.



Methyl end

